

A verb is in the ...



- *Past tense
- *Present tense
- *Future tense

A present tense verb expresses...

...an action going on <u>now</u> or shows something that happens <u>regularly</u>.

Example (present)

I (pour, poured) out soda all the time.

A past tense verb expresses...

...an action that happened in the <u>past</u>. Many past tense verbs end in -<u>ed</u>.

Example (Past)

Yesterday, I (slam, slammed) the volleyball.

A future tense verb states...

...an action that will take place in the future.



For future tense verbs...

use a helping verb (<u>will</u>, <u>shall</u>, <u>could</u>). It helps a verb show the future tense.

Example (Future)

I (read, will read) my AR book for homework.

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- Deal with time also
 - Present perfect tense
 - Past perfect tense
 - Future perfect tense



Present perfect verb...

...uses <u>has</u> (singular) and <u>have</u> (plural)

Present perfect verb...

...shows action that began in the past and continues or is completed in the present.



Example (Present Perfect)

Mike (<u>has earned</u>, have earned) some fame for his good cooking.

Past perfect verb...

...uses only <u>had</u>.

Past perfect verb...



...shows action that began and ended in the past.

Example (Past Perfect)

They (had picked, have picked) it out of the basket.

Future perfect verbs...

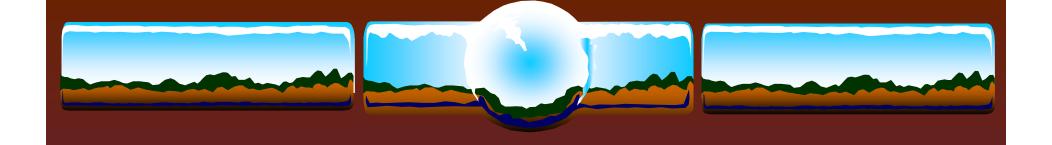
...show action that will begin and end in the future.

Future perfect verbs...

...use <u>shall have</u> or <u>will</u> <u>have</u> + the past participle.

Example (Future Perfect)

He (will wait, will have waited) too long.



So why is this important to learn?

